

## Motivation and Objectives

## Problem:

- Anastomotic leakage after intestinal surgery
- Risk of sepsis with subsequent operation and prolonged hospitalization
- No direct way of detecting an anastomotic leakage during its formation or early stages

## Proposed approach:

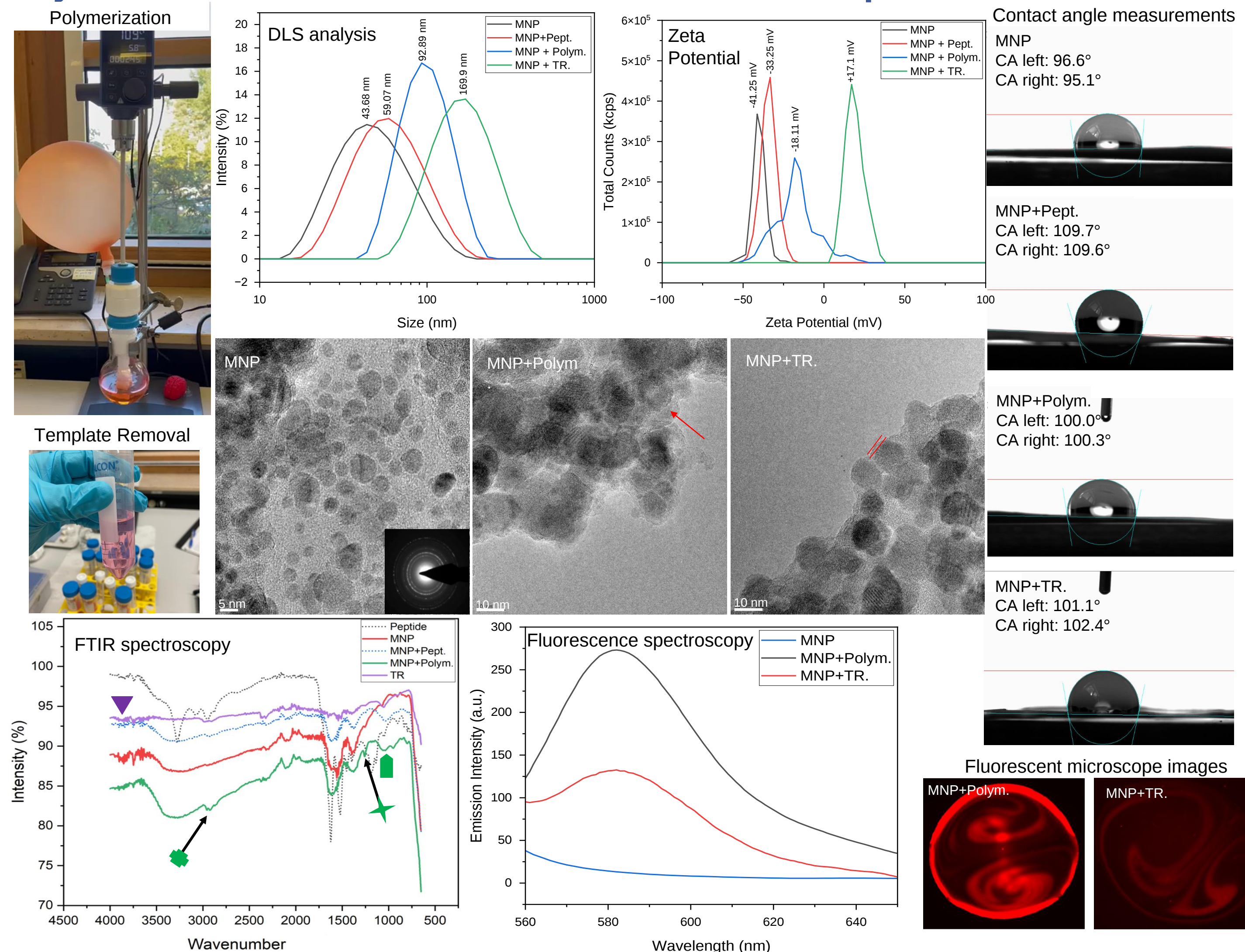
Development of an *in vivo* diagnostic implant to detect the biomarkers overexpressed in the leak relying on magnetically labeled synthetic receptors combined with a wireless magnetic-field readout system based on magnetoelectric sensors

## Main objectives:

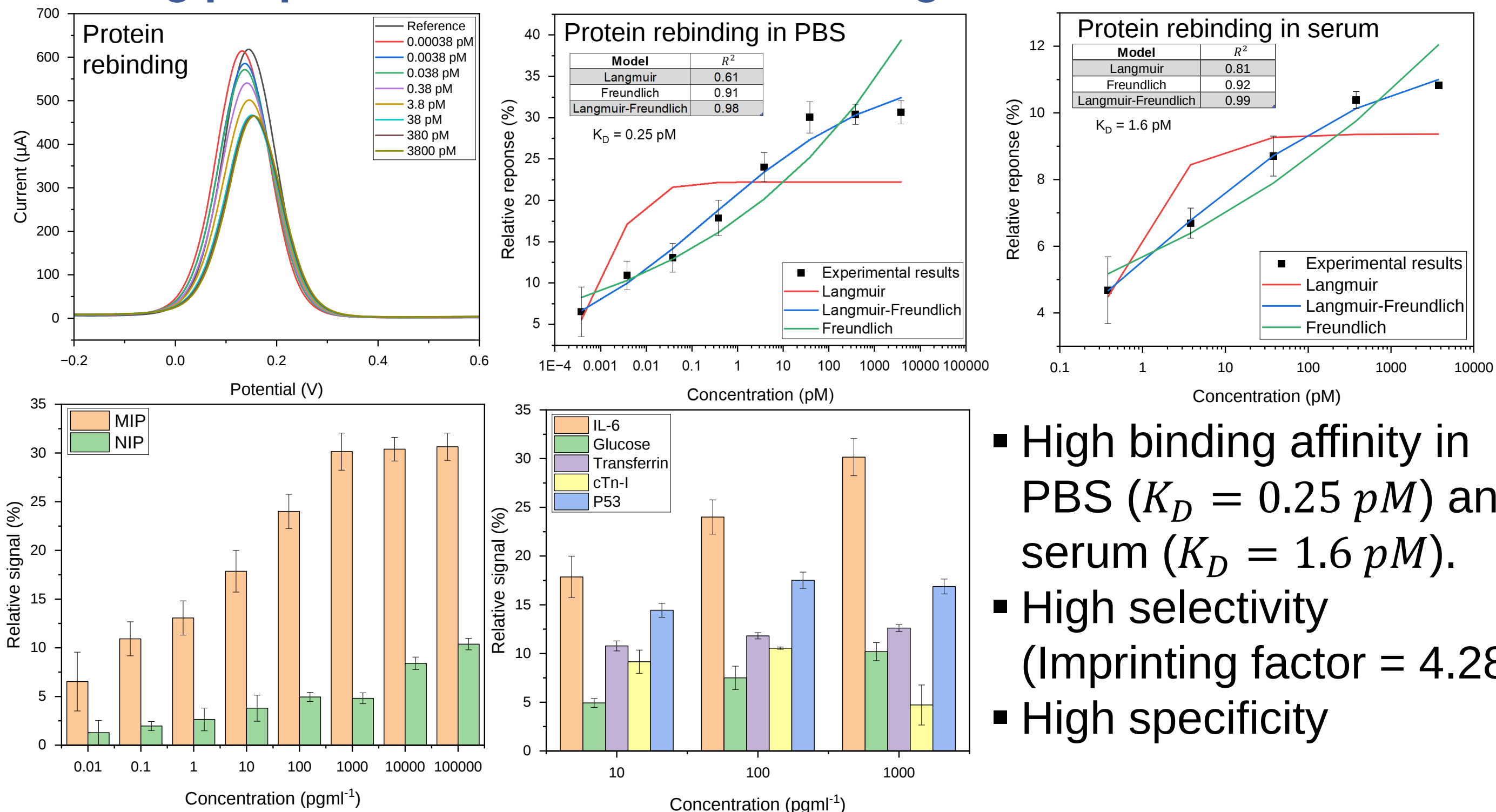
- Identification of suitable biomarkers
- Development of a bio-implant based on magnetic nanoparticles functionalized with molecularly imprinted polymers (MIP-MNP)
- Realization of a readout system based on magnetic field detection
- Validation of the approach on a cell assay, *in vitro* and *in vivo*

## Preliminary Work

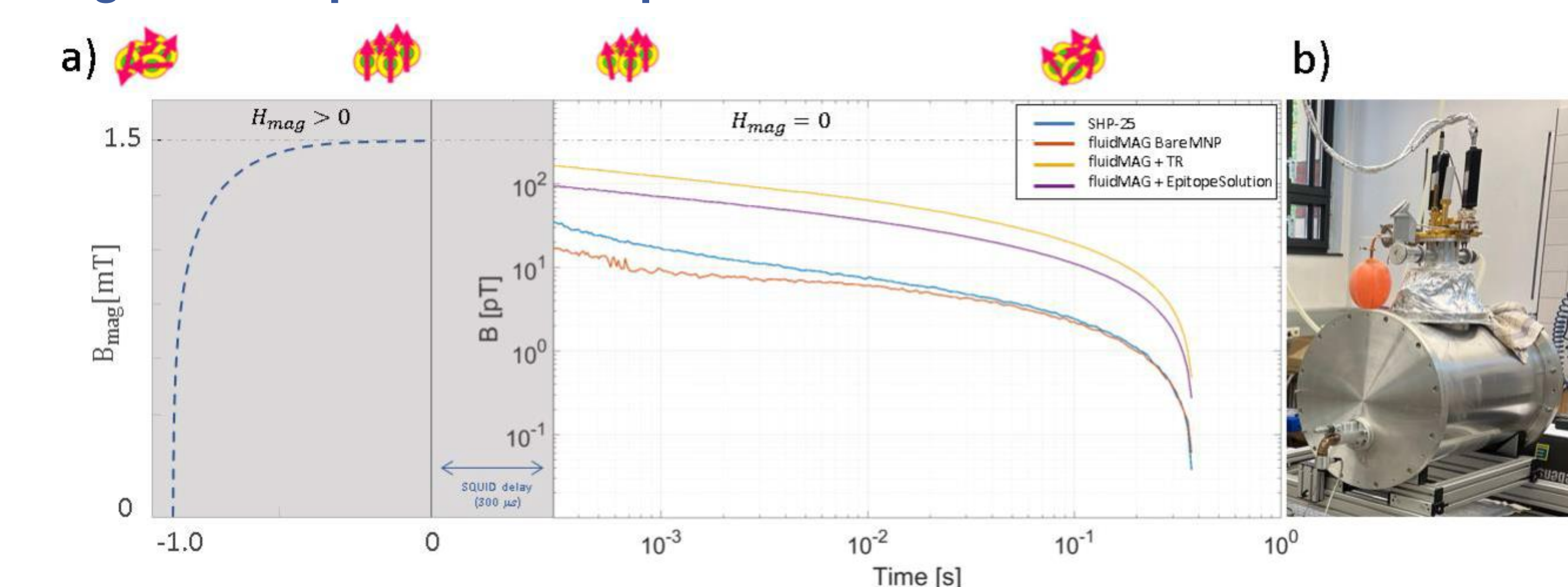
## Synthesis and characterization of the nanocomposites



## Binding properties of the MIP-MNPs using electrochemical sensors

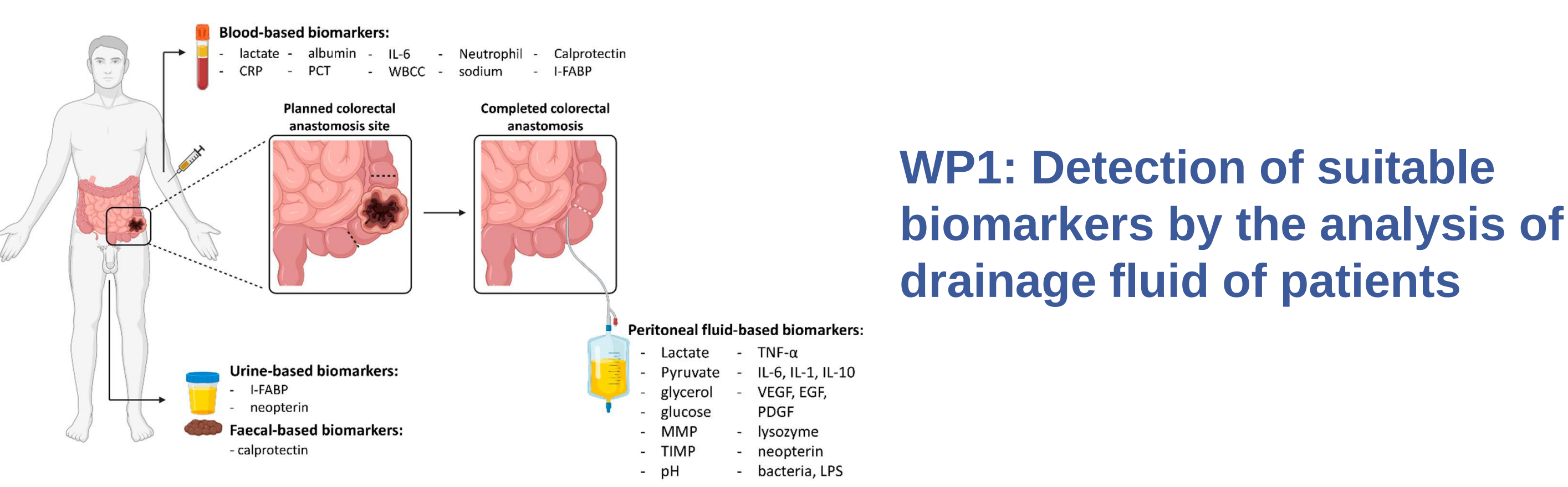


## Magnetic response of the particles

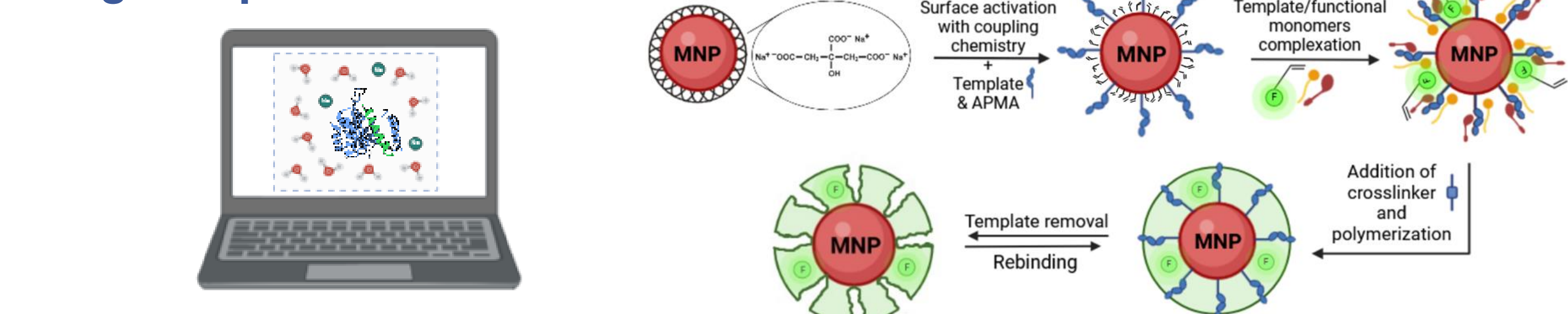


Preliminary work with SQUID system for magnetorelaxometry. (a) Example curve of magnetization of disordered magnetic nanoparticles (MNP) by 1.5 mT field and magnetization relaxation signal in the pT-range after turning off the excitation field. b) 6-channel SQUID system at PTB Berlin.

## Work Plan for Third Funding Period

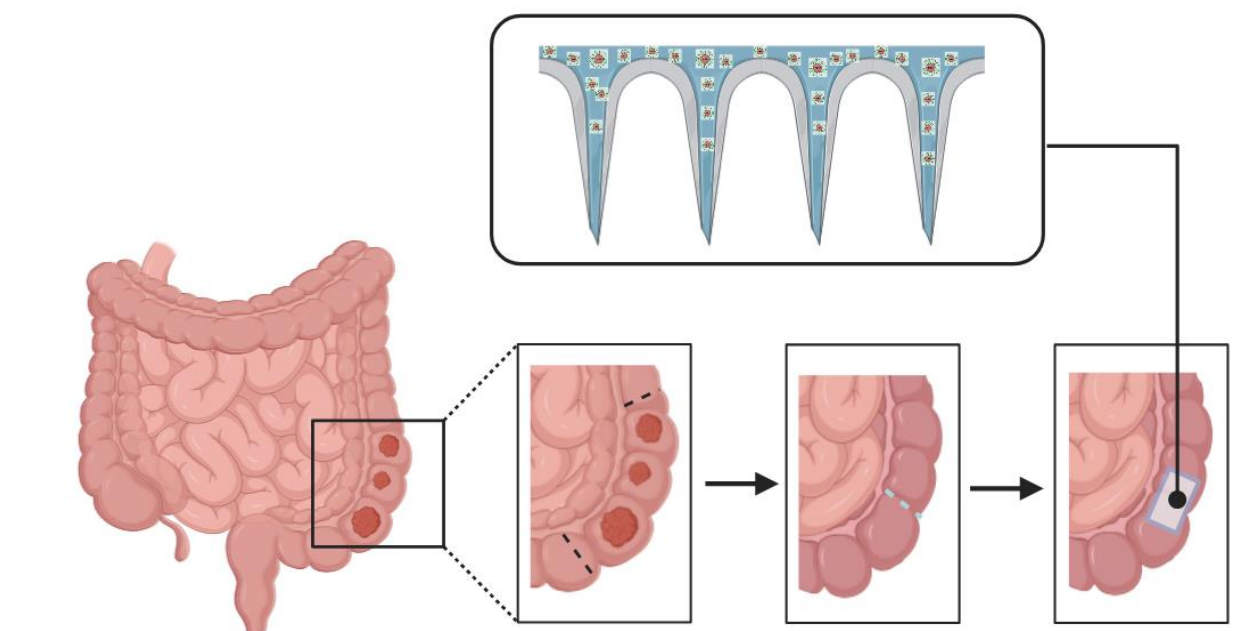
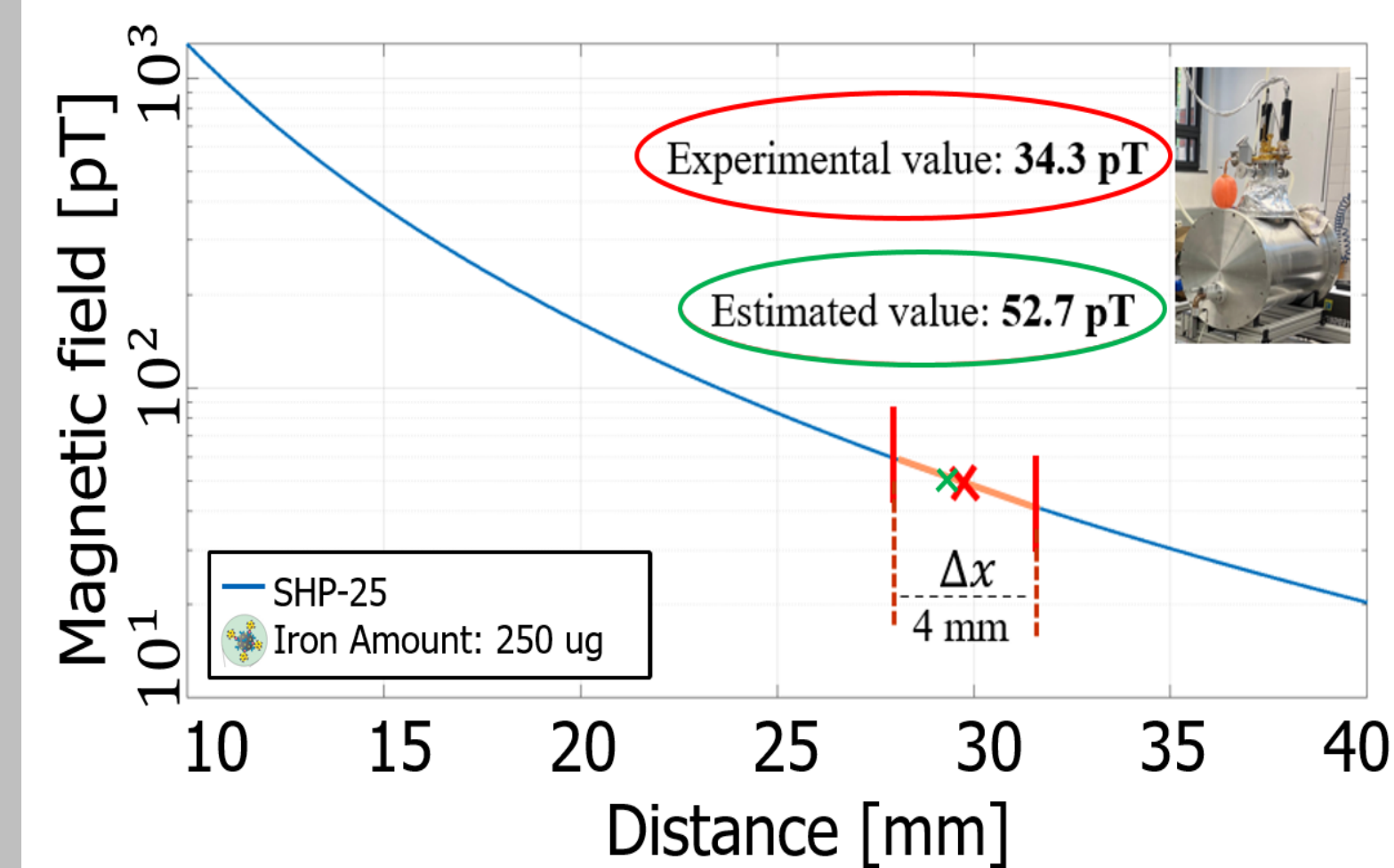


## WP2: Development of optimum production recipes for MIP-MNP using computation methods



## WP3: Hydrogel-forming implantable smart dressing

## WP4: ME sensors for MNP detection



**WP5: Torso phantom experiments:** Large coil placed outside the body and the sensor system attached to it. The MIP-MNP implant is at a distance of up to 15 cm away on the inside of the body.

Torso phantom, *in vitro* & *in vivo*

WP6: *In vitro* and *in vivo* studies

Investigation of cytotoxicity of the MIPs-MNP implants on cells and rodents.

|                                                              | 2024 | 2025 | 2026 | 2027 | 2028 |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|
| WP1 – Selection of suitable biomarkers                       | III  | IV   | II   | III  | IV   |
| WP2 – MIPs-functionalized magnetic nanoparticles             |      |      |      |      |      |
| WP3 – Hydrogel-forming implantable smart dressing            |      |      |      |      |      |
| WP4 – ME sensors for MNP detection                           |      |      |      |      |      |
| WP5 – Torso phantom experiments                              |      |      |      |      |      |
| WP6 – Cell culture and in vivo studies with MIPs-MNP implant |      |      |      |      |      |

Med. Doc. Gundlach Doc. res. 1 Altintas Doc. res. 2 Gerken

## Collaborations

- A4:**  $\Delta E$ –Effect sensors obtained from A4. Experimental results to A4.
- A6:** MIPs-functionalized MNPs provided to A6 for TEM analysis.
- A7:** Converse ME sensors obtained from A7. Experimental results to A7.
- A8:** Simulations on MNP ensemble behavior during biomolecular binding. Experimental results provided to A8 for comparison with theory.
- A9:** SAW sensors obtained from A9. Experimental results provided to A9.
- B1:** Readout electronics developed in close interaction with B1.
- B2:** Digital signal processing developed in close interaction with B2.

## Funds Requested

3 Doctoral researchers + Consumables